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PAUL NEWMAN **BRENDA BURNS** 2011 SEP -2 P 2: 23

BEFORE THE ARIZONA-GORPORATION COMMISSION

AZ CORP COMMISSION DOCKET CONTROL

Arizona Corporation Commission DOCKETED

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OF ARIZONA PUBLIC SERVICE COMPANY FOR PROPOSED ELECTRIC VEHICLE READINESS DEMONSTRATION PROJECT

IN THE MATTER OF THE APPLICATION

DOCKET NO. E-01345A-10-0123

COMMENTS OF ARIZONA PUBLIC SERVICE COMPANY TO STAFF'S REPORT AND PROPOSED ORDER

On August 24, 2011, the Arizona Corporation Commission ("Commission") Staff filed its Staff Report and Proposed Order ("Proposed Order") regarding Arizona Public Service Company's ("APS" or "Company") Electric Vehicle Readiness Demonstration Study ("Revised ev-READY Study"), which was filed on August 8, 2011. APS supports Staff's recommendation to approve the Experimental Rate Schedule ET-EV, and agrees with the recommendation to study the feasibility of offering a separately metered time-of-use rate for electric vehicle charging, as well as the recommendation to provide the Commission with annual reports. However, APS disagrees with Staff's recommendation to deny approval of Experimental Rate Schedule EV-PS ("EV-PS"), which uses a point-of-sale pricing methodology for energy usage at APS-owned publically available charging stations. Under this proposed time-of-use rate, the electric vehicle customer would render instantaneous payment for energy utilized to charge a vehicle, which may require the use of a personal credit card or a specifically targeted pre-paid card.

In the Proposed Order, Staff concludes that APS's role in providing charging infrastructure is presently unclear in light of the federally funded efforts. APS believes, as discussed in APS's previous filings in this docket, that utility companies have an essential

¹ Proposed Order, pg. 12, lines 13-14.

role related to electric vehicles, particularly in relation to the distribution system infrastructure required for recharging electric vehicles, both as the end use provider and the intermediary distributor of electricity used for recharging. As such, APS is working closely with many stakeholders, including federally-funded infrastructure contractors. In fact, the Company's proposed public charging infrastructure program complements, rather than competes with, the Department of Energy's Electric Vehicle Project ("DOE EV Project").²

The Company's Revised ev-READY Study is designed to gather and analyze site-specific information, to provide service to customers who do not participate in the federally-funded infrastructure program, and to serve customers who travel in areas of APS's service territory that are not currently in the DOE EV Project's geographic footprint, The Company will lose the opportunity to gather valuable site-specific data (for each geographic location where a public EV charging station is installed) if the Commission does not approve the EV-PS rate and the deployment of APS-owned public electric vehicle charging stations. Although data is collected by federally-funded EV infrastructure contractors, the data is aggregated, and site-specific information gathered for each public EV charging station may not be available or analyzed.

APS designed the Revised ev-READY Study to gather site-specific data for APS's service territory related to delivery system performance, electric vehicles, charging equipment, and the intelligent energy distribution network known as the smart grid. As part of the Revised ev-READY Study, APS would collect and analyze data regarding the number of customers that use the public charging stations, additional load experienced by customers due to the electric vehicle load, and actual use of off-peak hours to charge vehicles (especially in the summer months when demand on the local distribution system is at its highest). This detailed information would allow APS to determine the potential impacts of electric vehicle

² The DOE EV Project is a Department of Energy federal project designed to deploy EVs and EV charging infrastructure in 18 major cities and metropolitan areas across the United States. By 2012, the EV Project will deploy approximately 14,000 Level 2 charging stations and 300-400 Level 3 DC Fast Charging Stations. The ultimate goal of the DOE EV Project is to take the lessons learned from the deployment of the first 8,300 EVs and the charging infrastructure supporting them to enable the streamlined deployment of the next 5,000,000 EVs.

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charging on the local electric distribution system, minimize the impacts to the distribution system, and plan for the smooth integration of electric vehicle technology into the electric distribution system.

Additionally, the Company's proposed public electric vehicle charging station program will complement the DOE EV Project, which is focused solely on testing the deployment and use of charging stations within the Phoenix and Tucson metropolitan areas and the Interstate 10 corridor between those cities. APS is proposing the phased-in deployment of public charging stations over a three-year period, strategically located within the Company's service territory and in locations where the DOE EV Project does not intend to deploy public charging stations. This approach would fill gaps within these locations and more evenly distribute availability of public charging stations.

Another consideration is the cost of operations and maintenance for the federally funded infrastructure. APS has heard from municipal stakeholders that due to budgetary considerations, municipalities cannot absorb the cost of the electric vehicle charging infrastructure. APS understands that the agreements between the municipality and federally-funded electric vehicle infrastructure contractors may require the municipality to ultimately assume maintenance and operation expenses of the charging infrastructure once the federally-funded program sunsets. This may not be financially possible for some municipalities.

Under APS's proposal, the Company would install separately metered electric vehicle charging stations without placing the financial burden of installation and maintenance costs on the municipality. Instead, the EV-PS rate structure is designed such that electric vehicle drivers who choose to use the charging station will pay the costs associated with the infrastructure. As a result, APS's proposal for public charging stations would allow the municipality to enjoy the benefits of these without incurring any cost.

APS will continue to work closely with the Commission, the industry and stakeholders to assure that the necessary infrastructure is available to provide reliable service for this new technology. APS believes that the Company should have an active role, and urges the

1 Commission to approve the Revised ev-READY Study as filed by the Company, including 2 the EV-PS rate. 3 RESPECTFULLY SUBMITTED this 2nd day of September, 2011. 4 5 6 Deborah R. Scott 7 Attorneys for Arizona Public Service Company 8 ORIGINAL and thirteen (13) copies of the foregoing filed this 2nd day of 10 September, 2011, with: 11 **Docket Control** 12 ARIZONA CORPORATION COMMISSION 1200 West Washington Street 13 Phoenix, Arizona 85007 14 COPY of the foregoing mailed/delivered/ 15 emailed this 2nd day of September, 2011 to: 16 Janice M. Alward Chief Counsel, Legal Division 17 Arizona Corporation Commission 18 1200 West Washington Street Phoenix, Arizona 85007 19 20 Steven M. Olea Director, Utilities Division 21 Arizona Corporation Commission 1200 West Washington Street 22 Phoenix, Arizona 85007 23 Daniel Pozefsky 24 **RUCO** 25 1110 West Washington Street Suite 220 26 Phoenix, Arizona 85007 27

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